STAFF REPORT FOR CALENDAR ITEM NO.: 8.3

FOR THE MEETING OF: April 14, 2022

TRANSBAY JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY

BRIEF DESCRIPTION:

Approval of amendment to Board Policy No. 001, Procurement Policy.

EXPLANATION:

The TJPA Board approved Board Policy No. 001, Procurement Policy, in 2003, and has periodically approved amendments to the policy. The Procurement Policy ensures that TJPA follows a full and open competition in its procurement of goods and services. The Procurement Policy sets forth the general standards for procurement, methods for procurement, contract forms, standards of conduct for procurements, Disadvantaged Business Enterprise/Small Business Enterprise (DBE/SBE) program, and statements on non-discrimination and geographical restrictions.

As the TJPA transitions from the completion of Phase 1 construction to the operation of the Salesforce Transit Center and related components, staff anticipates that property and equipment may eventually no longer be needed or used by the agency (e.g., as a result of age, obsolescence, damage, change in procedures, because more costly to maintain than replace, or otherwise).

It is common for public agencies to adopt policies and procedures to guide staff in the disposal of surplus agency property. Staff recommends the Board amend the Procurement Policy to add a new section regarding the disposal of surplus property and equipment. In summary, the recommended provisions authorize the Executive Director to dispose of surplus property and equipment; direct the Executive Director to utilize a formal auction process for all disposals above a de minimis value except under narrow circumstances (like where a condition of grant funding for the original purchase requires an alternative procedure for disposal); allow the Executive Director to exchange or trade in equipment for new items; prohibit TJPA representatives from purchasing or receiving surplus property and equipment except through open public auction; and acknowledge that conditions of grant funding for the original purchase may require alternative procedures, which would supersede the TJPA's policy to the extent they cannot be reconciled. The recommended policy is intended to ensure that the TJPA receives appropriate value from the disposal of surplus property (to the extent there is any value available) through open and transparent procedures.

Note that the recommended policy only addresses surplus property and equipment, and does not address the sale of real property.

No other changes to the Procurement Policy are proposed. TJPA Legal Counsel has reviewed the proposed amendments.

RECOMMENDATION:

Staff recommends amendments to the Procurement Policy, as shown in the enclosed redline to the policy.

ENCLOSURES:

- 1. Resolution approving amended Board Policy No. 001
- 2. Board Policy No. 001: Procurement Policy (clean and redline versions)

TRANSBAY JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Resolution No
WHEREAS, The Transbay Joint Powers Authority (TJPA) is a joint powers agency organized and existing under the laws of the State of California; and
WHEREAS, Pursuant to the Joint Powers Agreement creating the TJPA, dated April 4 2001 as subsequently amended (Agreement), the TJPA has the authority to, among other things sell or otherwise dispose of property by appropriate means and exercise all powers necessary and proper to carry out the provisions of the Agreement; and
WHEREAS, The TJPA adopted a Procurement Policy in conformance with federal, state and other legal requirements on November 24, 2003; and
WHEREAS, The TJPA has periodically adopted revisions to the Procurement Policy, mos recently in 2021; and
WHEREAS, As the TJPA transitions from the completion of Phase 1 construction to the operation of the Salesforce Transit Center and related components, staff anticipates that property and equipment may eventually no longer be needed or used by the agency (e.g., as a result of age obsolescence, damage, change in procedures, because more costly to maintain than replace, o otherwise); and
WHEREAS, It is common for public agencies to adopt policies and procedures to guide staff in the disposal of surplus agency property to ensure that the agency receives appropriate value from the disposal of surplus property (to the extent there is any value available) through open and transparent procedures; and
WHEREAS, The TJPA staff recommend adding a new section to the Procurement Policy regarding the disposal of surplus property and equipment; now, therefore, be it
RESOLVED, That the TJPA Board adopts the revised Procurement Policy identified a Board Policy No. 001 in the form presented.
I hereby certify that the foregoing resolution was adopted by the Transbay Joint Powers Authority Board of Directors at its meeting of April 14, 2022.

Interim Secretary, Transbay Joint Powers Authority

TRANSBAY JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY

Board Policy No. 001

PROCUREMENT POLICY

The Transbay Joint Powers Authority (the "TJPA" or "Authority") is a joint powers agency organized and existing under the laws of the State of California. Pursuant to the Joint Powers Agreement creating the TJPA, dated April 4, 2001 (the "Agreement"), the TJPA has the authority to make and enter into contracts, to acquire real and personal property and to exercise all powers necessary and proper to carry out the provisions of the Agreement. The Joint Powers Agreement designates the City and County of San Francisco ("City") as Administrator, charged with executing the provisions of the Joint Powers Agreement and implementing programs undertaken by the Authority. With respect to the manner of exercising its powers, the TJPA is subject to the policies and procedures of the City.

The policies and procedures governing procurements of the TJPA derive from the City, as limited by applicable provisions of state and federal law. The TJPA intends to follow the contracting policies and procedures set forth in Chapters 6 (Public Works Contracting), 12B (Nondiscrimination in Contracts), 12C (Nondiscrimination in Property Contracts), 21 (Acquisition of Commodities and Services), and other relevant provisions of the San Francisco Administrative Code. The TJPA shall be responsible for enforcement of these provisions.

By accepting federal funding, the TJPA is obligated to comply with various federal regulations in its procurement of goods and services (e.g., 49 CFR Part 18 (Common Grant Rule) and 49 CFR Part 26 (Disadvantaged Business Enterprises)) and Federal Transit Administration (FTA) Circular 4220.1F and its successors). In the event of any conflict between federal law and the laws of the City or this Procurement Policy, federal law shall supersede the City law and this Procurement Policy.

Overtime, the TJPA expects to need to dispose of surplus personal property that is no longer needed or used by the TJPA.

I. General Standards for Procurements

- **A.** Competitive Procurements. Except as provided under FTA Circular 4220.1F or its successors, procurements shall be conducted in a manner that ensures full and open competition.
- B. Contract Administration. Procurement staff shall maintain a contract administration system that ensures that contractors perform in accordance with the terms, conditions and specifications of their contracts and to ensure that all purchases are received in a timely manner. Staff shall maintain a written record of the history of every procurement. At a minimum, these records must include:

 (a) the rationale for the method of procurement, (b) selection of contract type, (c) an independent cost or price estimate, (d) reasons for contractor selection or

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- rejection, (e) the basis for the contract price, and (f) a cost analysis (or price analysis, if appropriate). These record requirements are applicable to change orders as well as the original contracting process.
- C. Procedures. Procurement staff shall employ procurement and accounting procedures consistent with the standards set forth in this policy and with federal, state and City requirements.
- **D.** Review of Procurements. Staff shall review proposed procurements to ensure that they are handled in the most efficient and economical manner, without sacrificing quality and functionality. Staff shall avoid the purchase of unnecessary or duplicative items and shall consider consolidating or breaking out procurements to obtain a more economical purchase. There shall be no splitting of procurements to avoid competition.
- E. Certification as to Availability of Funds. The Executive Director or his/her designee shall ensure that all contracts are certified by the Chief Financial Officers to the availability of funds before notice to proceed with the contract is issued to the contractor.
- **F. Responsible Firms.** The TJPA may only contract with persons, firms or entities that are responsible and possess the ability to perform successfully under the terms and conditions of the proposed procurement.
- G. Contracts in Writing. All purchases or other arrangements valued at over \$2,500 and intended to be binding shall be by formal, written contract and/or other contractual instrument, such as a purchase order. A formal contract shall be used for all purchases over \$50,000.
- H. Bid Documents. Formal competitive bidding requires preparation of complete bid documents that are not unduly restrictive of competition and identify all requirements that must be fulfilled in order for the bid to be responsive as well as the factors being considered in evaluations, public advertisement, and award, if any, to the responsible bidder submitting the lowest responsive bid in conformance with federal, state and City requirements, as applicable.
- I. Reporting to Board. The TJPA Board of Directors shall review on a quarterly basis the status of all purchase orders and other contracts over \$25,000 entered into by the TJPA and all pending Invitations for Bids/Requests for Proposals that have been issued by the Executive Director. The Executive Director shall provide the Board of Directors with an explanation of the purpose of each contract and the funding source for each contract.

II. Methods of Procurement

The following are general guidelines used by the City for various types of procurements and

shall be used by the TJPA irrespective of the funding source for the procurement. If the procurement is eligible to be funded with federal funds, the TJPA will comply with all applicable federal contracting requirements.

Type of Procurement	Micropurchase (must obtain at least one informal quote)	Small Purchase (must obtain at least three quotes or proposals)	Large Purchase (must publish IFB or RFP)
Materials, Supplies, Equipment	Up to \$10,000	> \$10,000 - \$110,000	> \$110,000
General Services	Up to \$10,000	> 10,000 - \$110,000	> \$110,000
Consultant/Professional Services	Up to \$10,000	> 10,000 - \$110,000	> \$110,000
Architecture & Engineering Services	Up to \$10,000	> \$10,000 - \$110,000	> \$110,000
Construction Services	Up to \$2,000	> \$2,000 - \$150,000	> \$150,000

A. Procurement of Materials, Supplies, Equipment

- 1. **Micropurchases** -- up to and including \$10,000:
 - a. Must obtain at least one informal quote; must document that the price is fair and reasonable.
 - b. Unless there is only one source for the item, do not purchase from just one vendor; attempt to obtain equitable distribution among qualified suppliers.
 - c. May be approved by the Executive Director or his or her designee if included in the TJPA Budget adopted by the Board of Directors.
 - d. Any modifications to a micropurchase that would exceed the \$10,000 threshold shall be treated as a new procurement.
- 2. **Small Purchases** -- over \$10,000 up to and including \$110,000:
 - a. Must solicit written quotes from a minimum of three vendors, if available. Must document that the price is fair and reasonable, and award shall be to the lowest responsive and responsible bidder.
 - b. May be approved by the Executive Director or his or her designee if included in the TJPA Budget adopted by the Board of Directors.
 - c. Modifications may be approved by the Executive Director or his or her designee and may not cumulatively increase the contract over \$110,000.

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3. **Large Purchases** -- over \$110,000:

- a. Must publish notice requesting sealed bids. Award shall be to the lowest responsive and responsible bidder.
- b. Must be approved by the Board of Directors of the TJPA.
- c. Any modification cumulatively increasing or decreasing the contract amount in excess of 10 percent of the contract amount last approved by the Board of Directors shall require Board approval. Any other modifications may be approved by the Executive Director or his or her designee.

B. Procurement of General Services¹:

- 1. **Micropurchases** -- up to and including \$10,000:
 - a. Must obtain at least one informal proposal from a qualified vendor; must document that the price is fair and reasonable.
 - b. Unless there is only one source for the service, do not purchase from just one vendor; attempt to obtain equitable distribution among qualified suppliers.
 - c. May be approved by the Executive Director or his or her designee if included in the TJPA Budget adopted by the Board of Directors.
 - d. Any modifications to a micropurchase that would exceed the \$10,000 threshold shall be treated as a new procurement.
- 2. **Small Purchases** -- over \$10,000 up to and including \$110,000:
 - a. Must solicit written quotes from a minimum of three vendors, if available. Must document that the price is fair and reasonable, and award shall be to the lowest responsive and responsible bidder.
 - b. May be approved by the Executive Director or his or her designee if included in the TJPA Budget adopted by the Board of Directors.
 - c. Modifications may be approved by the Executive Director or his or her designee and may not cumulatively increase the contract over \$110,000.

¹ General services do not require extended analysis, the exercise of discretion and independent judgment in their performance, or particular, advanced or specialized knowledge, expertise or training. Examples include janitorial, landscaping and pest control.

3. **Large Purchases** -- over \$110,000:

- a. Must publish notice requesting sealed bids. Award shall be to the responsible bidder submitting the lowest responsive bid.
- b. Must be approved by the Board of Directors of the TJPA.
- c. Any modification cumulatively increasing or decreasing the contract amount or duration in excess of 10 percent of the contract amount or term last approved by the Board of Directors shall require Board approval. Any other modifications may be approved by the Executive Director or his or her designee.

C. Procurement of Consultant/Professional Services²:

- 1. **Micropurchases** -- up to and including \$10,000:
 - a. Must obtain at least one informal proposal from a qualified individual of firm; must document that the price is fair and reasonable.
 - b. May be approved by the Executive Director or his or her designee if included in the TJPA Budget adopted by the Board of Directors.
 - c. Any modifications to a consultant contract that would exceed the \$10,000 threshold shall be treated as a new procurement.
- 2. **Small Purchases** -- over \$10,000 up to and including \$110,000:
 - a. Must solicit written proposals from a minimum of three firms or individuals, if available, and award to the most qualified responsible consultant, with cost as a factor. Prior to award, must document that the price is fair and reasonable.
 - b. May be approved by the Executive Director or his or her designee if included in the TJPA Budget adopted by the Board of Directors.
 - c. Modifications may be approved by the Executive Director or his or her designee and may not cumulatively increase the contract over \$110,000.
- 3. **Large Purchases** -- over \$110,000:

² Professional services are those services which require extended analysis, the exercise of discretion and independent judgment in their performance, and/or the application of an advanced, specialized type of knowledge, expertise, or training customarily acquired either by a prolonged course of study or equivalent experience in the field. These procurement procedures do not apply in the case of architectural and engineering services; see Section D.

- a. Must publish notice requesting written proposals, and evaluate the proposals to determine the most qualified proposer. Such requests must state the qualitative factors that will be used to evaluate the proposals, along with the weight to be accorded to each factor. For all federally funded contracts, cost shall be considered during the evaluations. Negotiations shall be held with the highest-ranking responsible proposer. If an agreement cannot be reached, staff shall conduct negotiations with the next highest-ranking proposer.
- b. Must be approved by the Board of Directors of the TJPA.
- c. Any modification cumulatively increasing or decreasing the contract amount or duration in excess of 10 percent of the contract amount or term last approved by the Board of Directors shall require Board approval. Any other modifications may be approved by the Executive Director or his or her designee.

D. Procurement of Architectural/Engineering (A&E) Services

- 1. **Micropurchases** -- Up to and including \$10,000:
 - a. Must obtain at least one informal proposal from a qualified individual or firm; must document that the price is fair and reasonable.
 - b. May be approved by the Executive Director or his or her designee if included in the TJPA Budget adopted by the Board of Directors.
 - c. Any modifications to a consultant contract that would exceed the \$10,000 threshold shall be treated as a new procurement.
- 2. **Small Purchases --** over \$10,000 up to and including \$110,000:
 - a. Must solicit written proposals from a minimum of three firms or individuals, if available, and negotiate with most qualified responsible offeror. Cost shall not be a factor when evaluating an A&E individual or firm, but prior to award it must be documented that the price is fair and reasonable.
 - b. May be approved by the Executive Director or his or her designee if included in the TJPA Budget adopted by the Board of Directors.
 - c. Modifications may be approved by the Executive Director or his or her designee and may not cumulatively increase the contract over \$110,000.
- 3. **Large Purchases** -- over \$110,000:

The following approval procedures are based on Chapter 6 of the City's Administrative Code. Matters not covered in this Policy shall be handled as provided in Chapter 6.

- a. Must publish notice requesting a written qualification statement and written proposals. TJPA shall evaluate the proposals to determine the most qualified proposer. Such requests must state the qualitative factors that will be used to evaluate the proposals, along with the weight to be accorded to each factor. Cost shall not be a factor when evaluating an A&E firm. Negotiations shall be held with the highest-ranking proposer. If an agreement cannot be reached, staff shall conduct negotiations with the next highest-ranking proposer.
- b. The Board of Directors must approve the award of the contract.
- c. Any modification cumulatively increasing or decreasing the contract amount or duration in excess of 10 percent of the contract amount or term last approved by the Board of Directors shall require Board approval. Any other modifications may be approved by the Executive Director or his or her designee.

E. Procurement of Construction Services

The following approval procedures are based on Chapter 6 of the City's Administrative Code and federal Uniform Guidance. Matters not covered in this Policy shall be handled as provided in the Administrative Code and Uniform Guidance.

- 1. **Micropurchases** -- Up to and including \$2,000:
 - a. Must obtain at least one informal quote from a qualified individual or firm; must document that the price is fair and reasonable.
 - b. May be approved by the Executive Director or his or her designee if included in the TJPA Budget adopted by the Board of Directors.
 - c. Any modifications to a construction contract that would exceed the applicable threshold shall be treated as a new procurement.
- 2. **Small Purchases** over \$2,000 up to and including \$150,000:
 - a. Must solicit written quotes from a minimum of three responsible and qualified contractors, if available. The Executive Director shall make every effort to solicit quotes from qualified DBEs and SBEs. Must document that the price is fair and reasonable, and award shall be to the lowest responsive and responsible bidder.

- b. May be approved by the Executive Director or his or her designee if included in the TJPA Budget adopted by the Board of Directors.
- c. Modifications may be approved by the Executive Director or his or her designee and may not cumulatively increase the contract over \$150,000.

3. **Large Purchases** - over \$150,000:

- a. Must publish notice requesting sealed bids. Notice shall include date for public bid opening. Award, if made, shall be to responsible bidder submitting the lowest responsive bid.
- b. Must be approved by the Board of Directors of the TJPA.
- c. Any modification cumulatively increasing or decreasing the contract amount or duration in excess of 10 percent of the contract amount or term last approved by the Board of Directors shall require Board approval. Any other modifications may be approved by the Executive Director or his or her designee.

F. Procurement by Noncompetitive Proposals (Sole Source)

- 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of the preceding sections, the TJPA is not required to engage in a competitive process when procuring materials, supplies, equipment, general services, consultant/professional services, or architectural/engineering services for which competitive solicitation would be infeasible, as determined by the Executive Director based on the criteria set forth in Section II(F)(2).
- 2. Noncompetitive or sole source procurement may be used only where the award of a contract is infeasible under competitive procedures and at least one of the following circumstances applies:
 - a. The item is available only from a single source;
 - b. There exists a public exigency or emergency which will not permit the delay accompanying competitive solicitation;
 - c. After solicitation of a number of sources, competition is determined inadequate; or
 - d. The procurement is federally funded and sole source procurement is authorized by the FTA.
- 3. The Executive Director shall perform a cost analysis to determine that the contract amount of the sole source is fair and reasonable.

G. Cooperative Purchasing

Intergovernmental purchasing is authorized under this policy. The TJPA may participate in, sponsor, conduct, or administer a cooperative procurement agreement with other public bodies for the procurement of any supplies or services to increase efficiency and/or reduce expenses. Cooperative purchasing may include, but is not limited to, the practice referred to as 'piggybacking' as well as use of purchasing schedules established by other entities, including the federal General Services Administration, the State of California, and the City. All cooperative purchasing conducted under this policy shall be through contracts that were originally awarded through full and open competition.

III. Contract Forms for Procurements

The Executive Director, or his or her designee, with the assistance of legal counsel, is authorized to develop appropriate contract forms consistent with this policy.

IV. Standards of Conduct for Procurements

A. Conflict of Interest

The TJPA has adopted a Conflict of Interest Code, under which certain designated positions are required to disclose economic interests and are prohibited from participating in decisions that may have an effect on their financial interests. The terms and requirements of the Conflict of Interest Code are incorporated into this Policy by reference. The City has also adopted a Conflict of Interest Code, which is part of its Campaign and Governmental Conduct Code. All City employees involved in procurement activities for the TJPA shall be subject to the disclosure requirements of the City's Conflict of Interest Code.

Further, no employee, officer, agent or Board member of the TJPA or its member agencies shall participate in the selection, award, or administration of a contract for the TJPA if a conflict of interest, real or apparent, would be involved. Such a conflict arises when any of the following has a financial or other interest in the firm selected for award: (1) the employee, officer, agent, or Board member; (2) any member of his/her immediate family; (3) his or her business partner or associate; or (4) an organization that employs, or is about to employ, any of the above. The determination of whether such an interest exists will be governed by California law, including California's Political Reform Act (Government Code Section 87100, et seq.), Sections 1090, et seq. of the California Government Code; and Section §15.103 and Appendix C, Section 8.105 of City's Charter, as may be amended from time to time.

B. Gift Restrictions

No officer, employee, agent or Board member of the TJPA shall solicit or accept gifts, gratuities, favors or anything of monetary value from TJPA contractors, potential

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contractors or parties to subagreements, except any gift that is not subject to the disclosure requirements of California's Political Reform Act, as may be amended from time to time.

C. Collusion in Contracting

There shall be no collusion between any potential respondent and/or any party or parties to whom a contract has been awarded with any member of the TJPA Board of Directors, TJPA staff, other consultants already engaged by the TJPA, members of a selection committee, or any other party or parties in the submission of any offer or for the purpose of preventing an offer from being made in a TJPA procurement. There shall be no preferential treatment given by any member of the TJPA Board of Directors, TJPA staff, other consultants already engaged by the TJPA, members of a selection committee, or any other party or parties, or knowingly received by any party or parties in a TJPA procurement.

D. Communications Prohibition

Beginning on the date a procurement formally begins (e.g., an RFP is issued and made available to prospective respondents), there shall be no communications concerning the procurement between members of the TJPA Board of Directors, TJPA staff, other consultants already engaged by the TJPA, or members of the selection committee, and prospective respondents and their employees or agents, except as expressly authorized in the procurement documents. This restriction will end when the TJPA has provided respondents in the procurement notification of the TJPA staff's recommended contract award to the TJPA Board of Directors.

E. Violations of Standards of Conduct

Violations of these standards of conduct may result in immediate determination that a respondent is an irresponsible contractor and disqualified from participating in procurements; determination that an awarded contract is null and void; and/or imposition of penalties, sanctions, or other disciplinary actions provided by federal, state, and local law.

F. Organizational Conflicts of Interest

The TJPA shall not select contractors (1) who, because of other activities, relationships, or contracts, are unable, or potentially unable, to render impartial assistance or advice to the TJPA; (2) whose objectivity in performing contract work may be impaired; or (3) who have an unfair competitive advantage.

V. DBE/SBE Program

With respect to federally eligible third party contracts, the TJPA implements a Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Program (Board Policy No. 010), and as such, commits to the

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participation of DBEs in TJPA contracting opportunities in accordance with 49 CFR Part 26, as may be amended from time to time. TJPA supplements its DBE Program with a Small Business Enterprise (SBE) Program (Board Policy No. 015). It is the intention of the TJPA to create a level playing field on which DBEs and SBEs can compete fairly for contracts and subcontracts relating to the TJPA's construction, professional services and procurement activities.

VI. Nondiscrimination

It is the policy of the TJPA to ensure nondiscrimination in the award and administration of any contract on the basis of the fact or perception of a person's race, color, creed, religion, national origin, ancestry, age, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, domestic partner status, marital status, disability, weight, height, or Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome or Human Immunodeficiency Virus (AIDS/HIV) status.

VII. Geographic Restrictions in Procurements

TJPA shall not specify in-state or local geographical preferences in its procurement activities.

VIII. Disposal of Surplus Property and Equipment

The purpose of this section is to describe the TJPA's procedures for disposal of Surplus Property and Equipment.

"Surplus Property and Equipment" is defined as any furniture, equipment, materials, or supplies owned by the TJPA that the Executive Director determines is no longer needed or used by the TJPA (as a result of age, obsolescence, damage, change in procedures, because more costly to maintain than replace, or otherwise).

The Executive Director (or their designee) is delegated and shall have the authority to sell Surplus Property and Equipment as follows, based on the Executive Director's reasonable estimate of the market value of the Surplus Property and Equipment at the time of disposal:

- (1) Less than two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500): by any method the Executive Director deems reasonable and appropriate consistent with this section.
- (2) Greater than two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500): by online government auction service, public notice and written bid, or reputable public auction service.

Any proceeds from the sale of any Surplus Property and Equipment will be applied consistent with any grant requirements imposed as a condition of funding for the purchase of the item, and accounted for in accordance with TJPA Board Capitalization Policy for Capital Assets (as applicable) and Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

If the TJPA is unable to sell Surplus Property and Equipment using the procedures above, or if the cost of identifying a buyer exceeds the estimated sale price of the item, the item may be donated to another governmental organization or tax exempt organization, recycled, or discarded.

The Executive Director shall have the authority to exchange or trade in Surplus Property and Equipment for new supplies, materials or equipment needed by the TJPA, without further approval of the Board or publishing a notice of intent to do so.

TJPA Board members, employees, and agents are not permitted to purchase or receive Surplus Property and Equipment unless they purchase the item under a public auction process consistent with this section. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in no case may a TJPA Board member, employee, or agent purchase or receive Surplus Property and Equipment where such person made or participated in making the decision to procure the item in the first instance. Moreover, a TJPA Board member, employee, or agent may not participate in any decision related to the disposal of Surplus Property and Equipment if a conflict of interest, real or apparent, would be involved.

The Executive Director shall research the application of and conform any disposal to applicable grant funding requirements, including securing the grantor's approval prior to disposing of grant-funded items, if applicable. If state or federal law, grant funding requirements, or public safety concerns, renders inappropriate the disposition of an item of Surplus Property and Equipment in the manner set forth in this section, such item may be disposed of as required by law, or by any other method deemed appropriate by the Executive Director, regardless of the value of the item.

TRANSBAY JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY

Board Policy No. 001 Category: Financial Matters

PROCUREMENT POLICY

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- Ε. Certification as to Availability of Funds. The Executive Director or his/her designee shall ensure that all contracts are certified by the Chief Financial Officers to the availability of funds before notice to proceed with the contract is issued to the contractor.
- F. **Responsible Firms.** The TJPA may only contract with persons, firms or entities that are responsible and possess the ability to perform successfully under the terms and conditions of the proposed procurement.
- G. **Contracts in Writing.** All purchases or other arrangements valued at over \$2,500 and intended to be binding shall be by formal, written contract and/or other contractual instrument, such as a purchase order. A formal contract shall be used for all purchases over \$50,000.
- Η. Bid Documents. Formal competitive bidding requires preparation of complete bid documents that are not unduly restrictive of competition and identify all requirements that must be fulfilled in order for the bid to be responsive as well as the factors being considered in evaluations, public advertisement, and award, if any, to the responsible bidder submitting the lowest responsive bid in conformance with federal, state and City requirements, as applicable.
- I. **Reporting to Board.** The TJPA Board of Directors shall review on a quarterly basis the status of all purchase orders and other contracts over \$25,000 entered into by the TJPA and all pending Invitations for Bids/Requests for Proposals that have been issued by the Executive Director. The Executive Director shall provide the Board of Directors with an explanation of the purpose of each contract and the funding source for each contract.

II. **Methods of Procurement**

The following are general guidelines used by the City for various types of procurements and

shall be used by the TJPA irrespective of the funding source for the procurement. If the procurement is eligible to be funded with federal funds, the TJPA will comply with all applicable federal contracting requirements.

Type of Procurement	Micropurchase (must obtain at least one informal quote)	Small Purchase (must obtain at least three quotes or proposals)	Large Purchase (must publish IFB or RFP)
Materials, Supplies, Equipment	Up to \$10,000	> \$10,000 - \$110,000	> \$110,000
General Services	Up to \$10,000	> 10,000 - \$110,000	> \$110,000
Consultant/Professional Services	Up to \$10,000	> 10,000 - \$110,000	> \$110,000
Architecture & Engineering Services	Up to \$10,000	> \$10,000 - \$110,000	> \$110,000
Construction Services	Up to \$2,000	> \$2,000 - \$150,000	> \$150,000

A. Procurement of Materials, Supplies, Equipment

- Micropurchases -- up to and including \$10,000:
 - a. Must obtain at least one informal quote; must document that the price is fair and reasonable.
 - b. Unless there is only one source for the item, do not purchase from just one vendor; attempt to obtain equitable distribution among qualified suppliers.
 - May be approved by the Executive Director or his or her designee if included in the TJPA Budget adopted by the Board of Directors.
 - d. Any modifications to a micropurchase that would exceed the \$10,000 threshold shall be treated as a new procurement.
- 2. **Small Purchases** -- over \$10,000 up to and including \$110,000:
 - a. Must solicit written quotes from a minimum of three vendors, if available. Must document that the price is fair and reasonable, and award shall be to the lowest responsive and responsible bidder.
 - May be approved by the Executive Director or his or her designee if included in the TJPA Budget adopted by the Board of Directors.
 - Modifications may be approved by the Executive Director or his or her designee and may not cumulatively increase the contract over \$110,000.

3. **Large Purchases** -- over \$110,000:

- a. Must publish notice requesting sealed bids. Award shall be to the lowest responsive and responsible bidder.
- b. Must be approved by the Board of Directors of the TJPA.
- Any modification cumulatively increasing or decreasing the contract amount in excess of 10 percent of the contract amount last approved by the Board of Directors shall require Board approval.
 Any other modifications may be approved by the Executive Director or his or her designee.

B. Procurement of General Services¹:

- 1. **Micropurchases** -- up to and including \$10,000:
 - a. Must obtain at least one informal proposal from a qualified vendor; must document that the price is fair and reasonable.
 - Unless there is only one source for the service, do not purchase from just one vendor; attempt to obtain equitable distribution among qualified suppliers.
 - May be approved by the Executive Director or his or her designee if included in the TJPA Budget adopted by the Board of Directors.
 - Any modifications to a micropurchase that would exceed the \$10,000 threshold shall be treated as a new procurement.
- 2. **Small Purchases** -- over \$10,000 up to and including \$110,000:
 - Must solicit written quotes from a minimum of three vendors, if available. Must document that the price is fair and reasonable, and award shall be to the lowest responsive and responsible bidder.
 - May be approved by the Executive Director or his or her designee if included in the TJPA Budget adopted by the Board of Directors.
 - Modifications may be approved by the Executive Director or his or her designee and may not cumulatively increase the contract over \$110,000.

¹ General services do not require extended analysis, the exercise of discretion and independent judgment in their performance, or particular, advanced or specialized knowledge, expertise or training. Examples include janitorial, landscaping and pest control.

3. **Large Purchases** -- over \$110,000:

- a. Must publish notice requesting sealed bids. Award shall be to the responsible bidder submitting the lowest responsive bid.
- b. Must be approved by the Board of Directors of the TJPA.
- c. Any modification cumulatively increasing or decreasing the contract amount or duration in excess of 10 percent of the contract amount or term last approved by the Board of Directors shall require Board approval. Any other modifications may be approved by the Executive Director or his or her designee.

C. Procurement of Consultant/Professional Services²:

- Micropurchases -- up to and including \$10,000:
 - Must obtain at least one informal proposal from a qualified individual of firm; must document that the price is fair and reasonable.
 - May be approved by the Executive Director or his or her designee if included in the TJPA Budget adopted by the Board of Directors.
 - c. Any modifications to a consultant contract that would exceed the \$10,000 threshold shall be treated as a new procurement.
- 2. **Small Purchases** -- over \$10,000 up to and including \$110,000:
 - a. Must solicit written proposals from a minimum of three firms or individuals, if available, and award to the most qualified responsible consultant, with cost as a factor. Prior to award, must document that the price is fair and reasonable.
 - b. May be approved by the Executive Director or his or her designee if included in the TJPA Budget adopted by the Board of Directors.
 - Modifications may be approved by the Executive Director or his or her designee and may not cumulatively increase the contract over \$110,000.
- 3. **Large Purchases** -- over \$110,000:

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² Professional services are those services which require extended analysis, the exercise of discretion and independent judgment in their performance, and/or the application of an advanced, specialized type of knowledge, expertise, or training customarily acquired either by a prolonged course of study or equivalent experience in the field. These procurement procedures do not apply in the case of architectural and engineering services; see Section D.

- a. Must publish notice requesting written proposals, and evaluate the proposals to determine the most qualified proposer. Such requests must state the qualitative factors that will be used to evaluate the proposals, along with the weight to be accorded to each factor. For all federally funded contracts, cost shall be considered during the evaluations. Negotiations shall be held with the highest-ranking responsible proposer. If an agreement cannot be reached, staff shall conduct negotiations with the next highest-ranking proposer.
- b. Must be approved by the Board of Directors of the TJPA.
- c. Any modification cumulatively increasing or decreasing the contract amount or duration in excess of 10 percent of the contract amount or term last approved by the Board of Directors shall require Board approval. Any other modifications may be approved by the Executive Director or his or her designee.

D. Procurement of Architectural/Engineering (A&E) Services

- 1. **Micropurchases** -- Up to and including \$10,000:
 - Must obtain at least one informal proposal from a qualified individual or firm; must document that the price is fair and reasonable.
 - May be approved by the Executive Director or his or her designee if included in the TJPA Budget adopted by the Board of Directors.
 - Any modifications to a consultant contract that would exceed the \$10,000 threshold shall be treated as a new procurement.
- 2. **Small Purchases** -- over \$10,000 up to and including \$110,000:
 - Must solicit written proposals from a minimum of three firms or individuals, if available, and negotiate with most qualified responsible offeror. Cost shall not be a factor when evaluating an A&E individual or firm, but prior to award it must be documented that the price is fair and reasonable.
 - b. May be approved by the Executive Director or his or her designee if included in the TJPA Budget adopted by the Board of Directors.
 - Modifications may be approved by the Executive Director or his or her designee and may not cumulatively increase the contract over \$110,000.
- 3. **Large Purchases** -- over \$110,000:

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The following approval procedures are based on Chapter 6 of the City's Administrative Code. Matters not covered in this Policy shall be handled as provided in Chapter 6.

- a. Must publish notice requesting a written qualification statement and written proposals. TJPA shall evaluate the proposals to determine the most qualified proposer. Such requests must state the qualitative factors that will be used to evaluate the proposals, along with the weight to be accorded to each factor. Cost shall not be a factor when evaluating an A&E firm. Negotiations shall be held with the highest-ranking proposer. If an agreement cannot be reached, staff shall conduct negotiations with the next highest-ranking proposer.
- b. The Board of Directors must approve the award of the contract.
- c. Any modification cumulatively increasing or decreasing the contract amount or duration in excess of 10 percent of the contract amount or term last approved by the Board of Directors shall require Board approval. Any other modifications may be approved by the Executive Director or his or her designee.

E. Procurement of Construction Services

The following approval procedures are based on Chapter 6 of the City's Administrative Code and federal Uniform Guidance. Matters not covered in this Policy shall be handled as provided in the Administrative Code and Uniform Guidance.

- 1. **Micropurchases** -- Up to and including \$2,000:
 - Must obtain at least one informal quote from a qualified individual or firm; must document that the price is fair and reasonable.
 - May be approved by the Executive Director or his or her designee if included in the TJPA Budget adopted by the Board of Directors.
 - Any modifications to a construction contract that would exceed the applicable threshold shall be treated as a new procurement.
- 2. **Small Purchases** over \$2,000 up to and including \$150,000:
 - a. Must solicit written quotes from a minimum of three responsible and qualified contractors, if available. The Executive Director shall make every effort to solicit quotes from qualified DBEs and SBEs. Must document that the price is fair and reasonable, and award shall be to the lowest responsive and responsible bidder.

- May be approved by the Executive Director or his or her designee if included in the TJPA Budget adopted by the Board of Directors.
- Modifications may be approved by the Executive Director or his or her designee and may not cumulatively increase the contract over \$150,000.

3. Large Purchases - over \$150,000:

- Must publish notice requesting sealed bids. Notice shall include date for public bid opening. Award, if made, shall be to responsible bidder submitting the lowest responsive bid.
- b. Must be approved by the Board of Directors of the TJPA.
- c. Any modification cumulatively increasing or decreasing the contract amount or duration in excess of 10 percent of the contract amount or term last approved by the Board of Directors shall require Board approval. Any other modifications may be approved by the Executive Director or his or her designee.

F. Procurement by Noncompetitive Proposals (Sole Source)

- Notwithstanding the provisions of the preceding sections, the TJPA is not required to engage in a competitive process when procuring materials, supplies, equipment, general services, consultant/professional services, or architectural/engineering services for which competitive solicitation would be infeasible, as determined by the Executive Director based on the criteria set forth in Section II(F)(2).
- 2. Non competitive or sole source procurement may be used only where the award of a contract is infeasible under competitive procedures and at least one of the following circumstances applies:
 - a. The item is available only from a single source;
 - b. There exists a public exigency or emergency which will not permit the delay accompanying competitive solicitation;
 - c. After solicitation of a number of sources, competition is determined inadequate; or
 - d. The procurement is federally funded and sole source procurement is authorized by the FTA.
- 3. The Executive Director shall perform a cost analysis to determine that the contract amount of the sole source is fair and reasonable.

G. Cooperative Purchasing

Intergovernmental purchasing is authorized under this policy. The TJPA may participate in, sponsor, conduct, or administer a cooperative procurement agreement with other public bodies for the procurement of any supplies or services to increase efficiency and/or reduce expenses. Cooperative purchasing may include, but is not limited to, the practice referred to as 'piggybacking' as well as use of purchasing schedules established by other entities, including the federal General Services Administration, the State of California, and the City. All cooperative purchasing conducted under this policy shall be through contracts that were originally awarded through full and open competition.

III. Contract Forms for Procurements

The Executive Director, or his or her designee, with the assistance of legal counsel, is authorized to develop appropriate contract forms consistent with this policy.

IV. Standards of Conduct for Procurements

A. Conflict of Interest

The TJPA has adopted a Conflict of Interest Code, under which certain designated positions are required to disclose economic interests and are prohibited from participating in decisions that may have an effect on their financial interests. The terms and requirements of the Conflict of Interest Code are incorporated into this Policy by reference. The City has also adopted a Conflict of Interest Code, which is part of its Campaign and Governmental Conduct Code. All City employees involved in procurement activities for the TJPA shall be subject to the disclosure requirements of the City's Conflict of Interest Code.

Further, no employee, officer, agent or Board member of the TJPA or its member agencies shall participate in the selection, award, or administration of a contract for the TJPA if a conflict of interest, real or apparent, would be involved. Such a conflict arises when any of the following has a financial or other interest in the firm selected for award: (1) the employee, officer, agent, or Board member; (2) any member of his/her immediate family; (3) his or her business partner or associate; or (4) an organization that employs, or is about to employ, any of the above. The determination of whether such an interest exists will be governed by California law, including California's Political Reform Act (Government Code Section 87100, et seq.), Sections 1090, et seq. of the California Government Code; and Section §15.103 and Appendix C, Section 8.105 of City's Charter, as may be amended from time to time.

B. Gift Restrictions

No officer, employee, agent or Board member of the TJPA shall solicit or accept gifts, gratuities, favors or anything of monetary value from TJPA contractors, potential

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contractors or parties to subagreements, except any gift that is not subject to the disclosure requirements of California's Political Reform Act, as may be amended from time to time.

C. Collusion in Contracting

There shall be no collusion between any potential respondent and/or any party or parties to whom a contract has been awarded with any member of the TJPA Board of Directors, TJPA staff, other consultants already engaged by the TJPA, members of a selection committee, or any other party or parties in the submission of any offer or for the purpose of preventing an offer from being made in a TJPA procurement. There shall be no preferential treatment given by any member of the TJPA Board of Directors, TJPA staff, other consultants already engaged by the TJPA, members of a selection committee, or any other party or parties, or knowingly received by any party or parties in a TJPA procurement.

D. Communications Prohibition

Beginning on the date a procurement formally begins (e.g., an RFP is issued and made available to prospective respondents), there shall be no communications concerning the procurement between members of the TJPA Board of Directors, TJPA staff, other consultants already engaged by the TJPA, or members of the selection committee, and prospective respondents and their employees or agents, except as expressly authorized in the procurement documents. This restriction will end when the TJPA has provided respondents in the procurement notification of the TJPA staff's recommended contract award to the TJPA Board of Directors.

E. Violations of Standards of Conduct

Violations of these standards of conduct may result in immediate determination that a respondent is an irresponsible contractor and disqualified from participating in procurements; determination that an awarded contract is null and void; and/or imposition of penalties, sanctions, or other disciplinary actions provided by federal, state, and local law.

F. Organizational Conflicts of Interest

The TJPA shall not select contractors (1) who, because of other activities, relationships, or contracts, are unable, or potentially unable, to render impartial assistance or advice to the TJPA; (2) whose objectivity in performing contract work may be impaired; or (3) who have an unfair competitive advantage.

V. DBE/SBE Program

With respect to federally eligible third party contracts, the TJPA implements a Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Program (Board Policy No. 010), and as such, commits to the

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participation of DBEs in TJPA contracting opportunities in accordance with 49 CFR Part 26, as may be amended from time to time. TJPA supplements its DBE Program with a Small Business Enterprise (SBE) Program (Board Policy No. 015). It is the intention of the TJPA to create a level playing field on which DBEs and SBEs can compete fairly for contracts and subcontracts relating to the TJPA's construction, professional services and procurement activities.

VI. Nondiscrimination

It is the policy of the TJPA to ensure nondiscrimination in the award and administration of any contract on the basis of the fact or perception of a person's race, color, creed, religion, national origin, ancestry, age, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, domestic partner status, marital status, disability, weight, height, or Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome or Human Immunodeficiency Virus (AIDS/HIV) status.

VII. Geographic Restrictions in Procurements

TJPA shall not specify in-state or local geographical preferences in its procurement activities.

VIII. Disposal of Surplus Property and Equipment

The purpose of this section is to describe the TJPA's procedures for disposal of Surplus Property and Equipment.

"Surplus Property and Equipment" is defined as any furniture, equipment, materials, or supplies owned by the TJPA that the Executive Director determines is no longer needed or used by the TJPA (as a result of age, obsolescence, damage, change in procedures, because more costly to maintain than replace, or otherwise).

The Executive Director (or their designee) is delegated and shall have the authority to sell Surplus Property and Equipment as follows, based on the Executive Director's reasonable estimate of the market value of the Surplus Property and Equipment at the time of disposal:

- (1) Less than two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500): by any method the Executive Director deems reasonable and appropriate consistent with this section.
- (2) Greater than two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500): by online government auction service, public notice and written bid, or reputable public auction service.

Any proceeds from the sale of any Surplus Property and Equipment will be applied consistent with any grant requirements imposed as a condition of funding for the purchase of the item, and accounted for in accordance with TJPA Board Capitalization Policy for Capital Assets (as applicable) and Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

If the TJPA is unable to sell Surplus Property and Equipment using the procedures above, or if the cost of identifying a buyer exceeds the estimated sale price of the item, the item may be donated to another governmental organization or tax exempt organization, recycled, or discarded.

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The Executive Director shall have the authority to exchange or trade in Surplus Property and Equipment for new supplies, materials or equipment needed by the TJPA, without further approval of the Board or publishing a notice of intent to do so.

TJPA Board members, employees, and agents are not permitted to purchase or receive Surplus Property and Equipment unless they purchase the item under a public auction process consistent with this section. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in no case may a TJPA Board member, employee, or agent purchase or receive Surplus Property and Equipment where such person made or participated in making the decision to procure the item in the first instance. Moreover, a TJPA Board member, employee, or agent may not participate in any decision related to the disposal of Surplus Property and Equipment if a conflict of interest, real or apparent, would be involved.

The Executive Director shall research the application of and conform any disposal to applicable grant funding requirements, including securing the grantor's approval prior to disposing of grant-funded items, if applicable. If state or federal law, grant funding requirements, or public safety concerns, renders inappropriate the disposition of an item of Surplus Property and Equipment in the manner set forth in this section, such item may be disposed of as required by law, or by any other method deemed appropriate by the Executive Director, regardless of the value of the item.